

NAPA COUNTY

OFFICE OF SHERIFF-CORONER

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> OSCAR ORTIZ Sheriff - Coroner

Napa County Sheriff

AB 481 Equipment Report

2025



Considerations:

The AB481-reportable equipment inventory sheets contained within this document were compiled during Q1 2025. Since the last report, no new qualifying reportable equipment categories have been added to inventory.

With respect to costs, funding, annual upkeep expenses and estimated effective lifespan, every effort has been made to be as accurate as possible while at the same time acknowledging that many factors directly affecting those aforementioned values are unpredictable.

Costs associated with the following items represent the best estimates at the time this document was prepared. Many of these items are not purchased from manufacturers, but from dealers, who adjust costs in accordance with market factors beyond the predictive abilities or control of Napa SO.

Due to the unpredictable nature of the law enforcement profession, many of the item estimated upkeep costs and effective lifespans are best estimates and may vary greatly on a year-to-year basis, due to the availability of training, type of operational incidents or other factors.

"Annual Allocation" refers to the quantity needed "on hand" over the course of a calendar year to meet all reasonably-anticipated operational and training needs. Some items may be carried over in inventory year to year depending on operational/training tempo.

With respect to terminology, "expendable equipment" items are items that typically have a one-time use and then cannot be used again, such as chemical agents or smoke grenades.

In an effort to be as efficient as possible, many items, both "expendable" and otherwise have operational applications across a diverse set of Napa SO missions. For example, "40mm launcher (single and multi-shot capability)" is an item that is utilized by Napa SO Patrol, SWAT, Mobile Field Force and other auxiliary assignments. The cost and unit allocation estimates that state "across all divisions" represents the best estimation of the requirements for those items to fill all needs for the Sheriff's Office.

Additionally, there are costs for non-AB481 equipment that are intrinsically tied to the costs for the following items. For example, slings, carrying cases, magazines, sighting systems, flashlights, cleaning supplies, batteries and other non-AB481 reportable items are not included in the cost estimations, unit allocation or upkeep portions of this report.



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It should also be noted that the legislature has designated these items as "military equipment". While the military may use some of the same equipment, the Sheriff's Office (SO) deems all of this equipment as law enforcement equipment. Much the same as the military using handcuffs, there are items in common. The manner and reason they are used is significantly different.

For many years, this office has also displayed and offered education about our equipment and why we use it. The vast majority of equipment on this list was approved for funding through the County of Napa. From our Citizen's Academy to National Night Out, we have always been open for discussion and education



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1. 40mm launcher
- 2. Spede-Heat 40mm munitions
- 3. Ferret Round 40mm munitions
- 4. 40mm muzzle blast round
- 5. Smoke handheld delivered devices
- 6. 40mm warning/signaling munition
- 7. Exact/Direct Impact 40mm munitions
- 8. Pepper Ball launcher and Munitions
- 9. Chemical Agents handheld delivered devices
- 10. Stinger Grenade
- 11. 12-gauge drag-stabilized munition
- 12. 12-guage muzzle bang/launching cartridge
- 13. BP-2 Noise/Flash Diversionary Device (NFDD) Delivery Pole
- 14. Noise/Flash Diversionary Device (Flashbang)
- 15. Electronic Noise/Flash Diversionary Device (ENFDD AKA Flashbangs) 1.4 gram
- 16. Recon Robotics Throwbot
- 17. Robotex Avatar Robot
- 18. DJI/SKY Hero/Inspired Flight sUAS (AKA Drones)
- 19. Zistos Under-the-door Camera
- 20. Short Barreled select fire AR-15 style rifle (various configurations)
- 21. Sub-compact select-fire weapon system
- 22. Firearms suppressor
- 23. Infrared (IR) laser designator
- 24. Tactical Bolt-action Rifles
- 25. Armor Piercing (AP) projectiles
- 26. Remotec Andros F6 Bomb Squad Robot
- 27. Det Cord
- 28. Nonel Detonator
- 29. Ballistic Breaching Shotgun
- 30. Ballistic Breaching hollow-point cutter round
- 31. Ballistic Breaching rounds
- 32. EVI 2017 HDS Bomb Squad Command Vehicle
- 33. Lenco Bearcat G3 Armored Rescue Vehicle
- 34. Incident Command Vehicle
- 35. Rapid Response Incident Command Vehicle



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40 mm launcher (single and multi-shot capability)

Description:

The 40 mm less lethal launcher is de-escalation tool that has the ability to deploy multiple types of 40 mm projectiles in both single and multi-shot capabilities in order to gain compliance and lessen the intensity of a situation.

Purpose & Use:

A 40 mm launcher is used to deploy less lethal munitions and chemical agents for a variety of missions

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit costs of \$1,000 - \$4,000. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 30 units across all divisions. Estimated effective lifespan 10+ years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The 40 mm launcher shall be used by NSO Deputies in accordance with all applicable laws and polices during legitimate law enforcement actions.

Training Requirements:

Must complete annual qualification and regularly required refresher training.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the 40 mm launcher shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Use of Force, Control Devices and Techniques, SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams policies, as well as all local, state and federal use of force laws.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Spede-Heat 40mm Round

Description:

The Spede-Heat 40mm Round incorporates an aluminum shell and utilizes black powder as the propellant. The Spede-Heat 40mm Round is designed to deliver one dual-ported chemical or smoke canister from a 40mm launcher at various ranges, product dependent. The Spede-Heat 40mm Round is available in OC (Oleoresin Capsicum) or CS (Chlorobenzylidenemalononitrile) and Saf-Smoke. Spede-Heat 40mm round is deployed from a 40mm launcher.

Purpose & Use:

The Spede-Heat 40mm Round can be used to conceal tactical movement. They can be used in crowd control management during unruly or riot behavior. The purpose of the Spede-Heat 40mm Round is to minimize the risks to all parties through pain compliance, temporary discomfort, and/or incapacitation of potentially violent or dangerous subjects. The different configurations allows for different distances and chemical agent or smoke deployments.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$25. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 4 units.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete department-approved training to be authorized to use the Spede-Heat 40mm Round.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of Spede-Heat 40mm Round shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident and Mobile Field Force policies.

Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations and all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Ferret Round-40MM

Description:

The Ferret 40mm Round is a frangible projectile filled with chemical agent. It is designed to deliver chemical agents in barricade situations from a 40mm launcher. It is available with either liquid or powder carrier for the agent. The payload can hold OC (Oleoresin Capsicum) or CS (Chlorobenzylidenemalononitrile). Spin stabilization from barrel rifling affords maximum stand-off distance and accuracy for safety.

Purpose & Use:

The Ferret 40mm Round is a non-burning and suitable for indoor use. Used primarily by tactical teams, is designed to penetrate barriers, such as windows, hollow core doors, wallboard and thin plywood. Upon impacting the barrier, the nose cone ruptures and instantaneously delivers a small chemical payload inside of the structure or vehicle. Is primarily used to dislodge barricaded subjects from very small confined areas. Its purpose is to minimize the risks to all parties through pain compliance, temporary discomfort and/or incapacitation of potentially violent or dangerous subjects.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$27. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 20 units.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete department-approved training to be authorized to use the Ferret 40mm Round.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the Ferret 40mm Round shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident and Mobile Field Force.

Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations and all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Community

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40MM Muzzle Blast Round

Description:

The 40mm Muzzle Blast Rounds incorporate an aluminum shell and utilize smokeless powder as the propellant. The 40mm Muzzle Blast Rounds are designed to deliver chemical agents in the immediate area (30 feet) of the grenadier. The 40mm Muzzle Blast Round is available in OC (Oleoresin Capsicum) or CS (Chlorobenzylidenemalononitrile). 40mm Muzzle Blast is deployed from a 40mm launcher.

Purpose & Use:

The 40mm Muzzle Blast Rounds are widely used as a crowd management solution for the immediate and close deployment of chemical agent in crowd control management during unruly or riot behavior, specifically and only against the agitators. However, it has proven successful during tactical operations. As a pain compliance round for crowd management of those engaged in criminal activity, the 40mm Muzzle Blast Rounds are an excellent device for deploying chemical laden powder at close ranges for indoor or outdoor operations. The 40mm Muzzle Blast provides instantaneous emission of chemical agent directly at or on riotous, non-compliant subjects close to the police line or within confined spaces. As a tactical round, the Muzzle Blast Rounds have been used in operations such as barricaded subjects, room clearing, space denial, and a means of contaminating crawl spaces and attics. The purpose of the Muzzle Blast Round is a de-escalation tool to minimize the risks to all parties through pain compliance, temporary discomfort, and/or incapacitation of potentially violent or dangerous subjects. Potentially lessening the intensity of situation.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$50.00. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 1 unit.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete department-approved training to be authorized to use the 40mm Muzzle Blast Rounds.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the 40mm Muzzle Blast Rounds shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incidents and Mobile Field Force policies. Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations and all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Smoke- handheld smoke grenade devices

Description:

The handheld smoke grenade devices utilize an M201A1 Fuze with enclosed canister that come in a variety of sizes, colors, configurations that uses HC (Hexachlorethane) and SAF-Smoke. Smoke is discharged through gas ports located on the canister.

Purpose & Use:

Handheld smoke grenade devices can be used to conceal tactical movement. It can be used to detect and/or dislodge a barricaded subject. It can also be used as an emergency signaling device. The different configurations allow for indoor or outdoor deployments.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$43.00. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 8 units.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete department-approved training to be authorized to use handheld smoke grenade devices.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of handheld smoke grenade devices shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident and Mobile Field Force policies.

Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations and all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

40 MM Warning/Signaling Round

Description:

The 40mm Aerial Warning/Signaling Round series are a de-escalation tool designed to produce 170 dB of sound, and 5 million candelas of light. Each munition is manufactured to deflagrate at a set distance and altitude and has the option of marking or irritant payloads. These distances are 50,100,200 and 300 meters from the point of origin. The munition is deployed from a 40mm launcher.

Purpose & Use:

40mm Aerial Warning/Signaling Round are used to distract/disorientate individuals and provide less lethal response against potential threats. It is also effective in directing the movement of unruly or riot behavior crowds.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$40. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 5 units.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete department-approved training to be authorized to use the 40mm Aerial Warning/Signaling Round.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the 40mm Aerial Warning/Signaling Round shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy Control Devices and Techniques, SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident and Mobile Field Force policies.

Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations and all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Exact/Direct Impact 40MM Sponge Munitions

Description:

The Exact Impact 40 MM Sponge Munition is a lightweight, high-speed projectile consisting of a plastic body and sponge nose. The round utilizes smokeless powder as the propellant, and, therefore, have velocities that are extremely consistent.

The Direct Impact 40 MM Foam Munition is a lightweight projectile that consists of a plastic body and a crushable foam nose that contains a powder payload. This payload area can hold inert, marking, OC (Oleoresin Capsicum) or CS

(Chlorobenzylidenemalononitrile) powder. The crushable foam nose dissipates energy upon impact while releasing the powder payload. The munition is deployed from a 40mm launcher.

Purpose & Use:

The Exact Impact 40 MM Sponge Munition and the Direct Impact 40 MM Foam Round is a point-of-aim, point-of-impact, direct-fire munition and de-escalation tool that is most commonly used in situations where greater accuracy and deliverable energy is desired for the incapacitation of an aggressive, non-complaint subject at longer distances. These are considered Less Lethal Impact Munitions (LLIM).

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$26.25. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 40 units.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete department-approved training to be authorized to use the Exact Impact 40 MM Sponge munition and the Direct Impact 40 MM Foam munition.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the Exact Impact 40 MM Sponge munition and the Direct Impact 40 MM Foam munition shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy Control Devices and Techniques, SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident and Mobile Field Force polices.

Must maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations and all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Pepper Ball launcher and Munitions

Description:

The Pepperball launchers are a de-escalation tool designed to give patrol officers an easy to operate non-lethal option. The launchers uses PepperBall .68 caliber round or VXR projectiles and is powered by either HPA or an 88, 12 or 8 gram single use CO2 cartridge.

Pepperball projectiles contain 2.5-5.0% PAVA. It is effective for direct impact and area saturation. .68 caliber and weigh 2.5 grams.

Purpose & Use:

Lawful application of force delivered with the intent to subdue or render non-threatening. The less lethal munitions may be used as an option to de-escalate a potentially dangerous/deadly situation, with a reduced potential for death or serious injury to all persons involved. It is accepted that the probability exists for bodily harm to occur. However, it must also be accepted that the application of such force may be the only alternative to using lethal force to stop the subject's actions.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Launcher Unit cost of \$1,200 per launcher. Annual estimated training and operations allocation of approximately 10 launchers across all divisions. Estimated effective lifespan for launchers are 10+ years. A Pepperball projectile unit costs \$1.50 - \$7.00. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 800 units. All Pepperball projectiles have a life span of 3 years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Pepper Ball launcher shall be used by NSO Deputies in accordance with all applicable laws and polices during legitimate law enforcement actions.

Training Requirements:

Must complete annual qualification and regularly required refresher training.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the Pepper Ball launcher shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Use of Force, Control Devices and Techniques, SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams policies, as well as all local, state and federal use of force laws.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Chemical Agents- handheld delivered grenade devices

Description:

The Chemical Agents handheld grenade devices utilize an M201A1 Fuze with enclosed canister that come in a variety of sizes, configurations and irritant payloads. In the OC (Oleoresin Capsicum) or CS (Chlorobenzylidenemalononitrile) configurations, pelletized chemical agent is discharged through a gas port(s) from the canister.

Purpose & Use:

The Chemical Agents handheld grenade devices are a de-escalation tool which can also be used to conceal tactical movement. They can be used in crowd control management during unruly or riotous behavior as well as tactical deployment situations to detect and/or dislodge barricaded subjects. The purpose of Chemical Agents handheld grenade devices is to minimize the risks to all parties through pain compliance, temporary discomfort, and/or incapacitation of potentially violent or dangerous subjects. The different configurations allow for indoor or outdoor deployments.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$58. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 15 units.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete department-approved training to be authorized to use Chemical Agents handheld grenade devices.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of Chemical Agents handheld grenade devices shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident and Mobile Field Force.

Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations and all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Stinger Grenade

Description:

The Stinger Grenade with Safety Clip is a combination Less Lethal Impact Munitions (LLIM) and Distraction Device that may incorporate optional CS (Chlorobenzylidenemalononitrile) or OC (Oleoresin Capsicum) laden powder, if desired. The Stinger Grenade is a maximum effect device as it delivers up to four stimuli for psychological and physiological effect: rubber pellets, light, sound, and optional chemical agent or OC.

Purpose & Use:

The Stinger Grenade is a de-escalation tool most widely used in crowd control management during unruly or riot behavior, specifically and only against agitators. As well as tactical deployment situations to detect and/or dislodge barricaded subjects. Upon deployment, the blast is sufficient to project the rubber balls (32 cal. /60 cal. Option) and optional chemical agent in a 50-foot radius.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$50. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 8 units.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete department-approved training to be authorized to use the Stinger Grenade.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the Stinger Grenades shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident and Mobile Field Force policies.

Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations and all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

12-Gauge-Drag-Stabilized Munition

Description:

The 12-Gauge Drag Stabilized Munition is comprised of a translucent 12-Gauge shell loaded with a 40 gram, tear shaped bag made from a cotton and ballistic material blend and filled with #9 shot. The rounds are also available as green marking powder.

Purpose & Use:

12-Gauge Drag Stabilized Munition is a point-of-aim, point-of-impact, direct-fire munition and de-escalation tool that is most commonly used in situations where greater accuracy and deliverable energy is desired for the incapacitation of an aggressive, non-complaint subject at longer distances. These are considered Less Lethal Impact Munitions (LLIM). The munition is deployed from a designated and clearly marked less lethal 12-gauge shotgun.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$9.00. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 250 units.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete department-approved training to be able to use 12-Gauge Drag Stabilized Munitions.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of 12-Gauge Drag Stabilized Munitions shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy Control Devices and Techniques, SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident and Mobile Field Force policies.

Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations and all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

12-Gauge Muzzle Bang/Launching Cartridge (1370 Launching Cup)

Description:

The 12-Gauge Muzzle Bang / Launching Cartridge incorporates an opaque shell and utilizes black powder as the propellant. It has the ability to be used alone as a Muzzle Bang for crowd management during unruly or riot behavior as well as tactical deployment situations against or for propelling grenades (Chemical Agent/Smoke) when using the 1370 Launching Cup.

Purpose & Use:

The 12-Gauge Muzzle Bang / Launching Cartridge used alone produces 170 dB of sound output. It is designed to be aimed at the floor or wall at a 45° angle. This round should not be direct fired at personnel. It is a de-escalation tool used for crowd management against criminal agitators in crowd control situations to lessen the intensity of a situation. It may be deployed in the air over crowds or to the side for dissuading movement in a given direction. It may also be deployed to the far side of buildings to divert the attention away from an approach or entry.

Launching Cartridge application: The 12-Gauge Muzzle Bang / Launching Cartridge used in conjunction with the 1370 Launching Cup provides the operator with the ability of projecting the Pocket Tactical family of hand delivered grenades or the Combined Systems 5230(b) CS grenade.. The use of the Launching Cup will project the grenades further than can be hand delivered. This increases the distance between operators and crowds, reducing the chance for injuries to both parties

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$8.25/ea. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 40 units. Unit cost of the launching cup is \$420.00. Estimated effective lifespan 10+ years.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete department-approved training to be authorized to use the 12-Gauge Muzzle Bang / Launching Cartridge and launching cup.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the 12-Gauge Muzzle Bang / Launching Cartridge shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Use of Force, SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incidents and Mobile Field Force policies.

Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations and all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

BP-2 Noise/Flash Diversionary Device (NFDD) Delivery Pole

Description:

The BP-2 NFDD delivery pole enhances safety and performance when delivering a NFDD. The BP-2 allows an operator the most effective way to break and rake a window, deliver a NFDD into an opening and prevent the device from coming in contact with people.

Purpose & Use:

NFDD's are used to distract suspects during high-risk operations. Use of the BP-2 allows for direct control of the NFDD placement.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$2,000. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 1 unit. Estimated effective lifespan approximately 10 years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The BP-2 NFDD delivery pole shall only be handled by trained deputies. NFDD's will be installed by trained deputies. Members of the SWAT team and auxiliary members have been provided in-person hands-on training on the device.

Training Requirements:

Every operator shall show competency when using the BP-2 NFDD delivery pole. Deputies must complete training on NFDD's from certified instructors prior to deployment and receive annual instruction on deployment and use.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of BP-2 NFDD Delivery Pole as part of Law Enforcement Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident, Response to Bomb Calls policies. Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations, as well as all local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Noise/Flash Diversionary Device (NFDD AKA – Flashbangs) – 12 gr and 4 gr Single and Multi Fuse.

Description:

NFDD utilizes an M201A1 type fuse with Hex design steel body. The bodies are reloadable and are reusable up to 25 times. The charges are available in full 12-gram loads, or 4 gram training charges. Comes in single, six, and nine fuses.

Purpose & Use:

NFDD's are a de-escalation tool used to distract suspects during high-risk operations.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$41.50 - \$47.24/ea. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 50 units.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

NFDD's shall only be handled by trained deputies. Charges for the NFDD's will be installed by trained deputies. All devices shall be stored in compliance with ATF regulations and handled in accordance with best practices as established by NFDD training standards.

Training Requirements:

Certified instructors much complete certification every four years. Deputies must complete training to use NFDD from certified instructors prior to deployment and receive annual instruction on deployment and use.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of NFDD as part of Law Enforcement Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident, Response to Bomb Calls policies.

Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations, as well as all local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Community

NAPA COUNTY OFFICE OF SHERIFF-CORONER

Electronic Noise/Flash Diversionary Device (ENFDD AKA – Flashbangs) – 1.4 gram

Description:

NFDD utilizes a reusable electronic "smart initiator" with a microprocessor that verifies all safety conditions are met. The body is a single use reload that does not contain flash powder. The ratio of fuel to oxidizer in each body reservoir is designed to reduce sensitivity.

Purpose & Use:

NFDD's are a de-escalation tool used to distract suspects during high-risk operations.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$50/ea. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 50 units.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

NFDD's shall only be handled by trained deputies. Charges for the NFDD's will be installed by trained deputies. All devices shall be stored in compliance with ATF regulations and handled in accordance with best practices as established by NFDD training standards. This specific device is not considered a destructive device until the fuse and reload are assembled.

Training Requirements:

Certified instructors much complete certification every four years. Deputies must complete training to use NFDD from certified instructors prior to deployment and receive annual instruction on deployment and use.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of NFDD as part of Law Enforcement Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident, Response to Bomb Calls policies.

Must also maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations, as well as all local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Recon Robotics Throwbot (AKA-Throwbot)

Description:

The Throwbot is a throwable micro-robot platform that enables operators to obtain instantaneous video and audio reconnaissance within indoor or outdoor environments.

Purpose & Use:

The Throwbot is used to gain mission critical information in harsh or hazardous environments.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

Any repairs or replacements will be through warranty and if it is not covered through warranty, then funding will come from the SWAT budget/funding source; there are no annual fees associated with this device. Unit cost approximately \$15,000. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 1 units. Estimated effective lifespan 5+ years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Throwbot shall only be handled and controlled by trained deputies.

Training Requirements:

Deputies do not need to complete any formal training to be able to control the Throwbot with its easy-to-use, handheld controller.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the Throwbot as part of Law Enforcement Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident and Response to Bomb Calls policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Robotex Avatar Tactical Robot (AKA- Avatar)

Description:

The Avatar is a robot platform that allows the operator the ability to inspect a dangerous situation through instantaneous video and audio reconnaissance (including push-to-talk/two-way audio capability) without the need to send personnel in to assess the situation. Optionally, the Avatar robot can be fitted with a "claw" that can provide limited lift/move/carry/manipulate of small objects.

Purpose & Use:

The Avatar is used to gain mission critical information in harsh or hazardous environments.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

Any repairs or replacements will be through warranty and if it is not covered through warranty, then funding will come from the SWAT budget/funding source; there are no annual fees associated with this device. Unit cost approximately \$25,000. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 1 unit. Estimated effective lifespan 5+ years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Avatar shall only be handled and controlled by trained deputies.

Training Requirements:

Deputies do not need to complete any formal training to be able to control the Avatar with its easy-to-use, handheld controller.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the Avatar as part of Law Enforcement Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident and Response to Bomb Calls.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

DJI/SKY Hero/Inspired Flight sUAS (AKA – Drones)

Description:

The Drones are deployable small unmanned aerial systems (sUAS) utilized to keep personnel safe. They are aerial system that the operator can fly at different altitudes, speeds, and into several areas to gain access to video of potentially dangerous or isolated areas. The Drones consist of sUAS produced by DJI, Sky Hero, and Inspired Flight.

Purpose & Use:

The Drones are used in place of a person to gain a video feed of isolated or dangerous areas that could put Deputies and Officers into harm's way.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

Drones are purchased through the Drone budget or other grant related funding. Repairs are done in house or sent off to a third-party company at the cost of the Drone budget. At this time, there are no recurring payments or annual fees associated with our sUAS fleet. Estimated effective lifespan 2+ years. The cost of a new sUAS can range from \$6,000 for a small individually issued drone to \$18,000 for a specific use drone (interior drone). These prices are carefully calculated and planned for the following year unless an emergency arises such as an aircraft becoming inoperable.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Drones shall only be handled and controlled by trained deputies.

Training Requirements:

Deputies on the Drone team are put through a rigorous in-house training obstacle course designed, set up, and proctored by veteran drone pilots. In conjunction with in-house training, Drone pilots are sent to training to gain their Federal Administration of Aviation part 107 remote pilot's license. Regularly scheduled meetings and trainings are also conducted by the team.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the Drones as part of Law Enforcement Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy sUAS and SWAT policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Zistos Under-the-Door Camera (AKA- Under-Door-Camera)

Description:

The Under-the-Door Camera provides a safe and covert way to view into a room.

Purpose & Use:

The Under-the-Door Camera provides operators the ability to gain critical mission information with limited penetration.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

Any repairs or replacements will be through warranty and if it is not covered through warranty, then funding will come from the SWAT budget/funding source; there are no annual fees associated with this device. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 1 unit at approximately \$13,000.00. Estimated effective lifespan 5+ years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Under-the-Door Camera shall only be handled by trained deputies.

Training Requirements:

Deputies do not need to complete any formal training to be able to control the Under-the-Door-Camera with its easy-to-use, handheld controller.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the Under-the-Door Camera as part of Law Enforcement Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident and Response to Bomb Calls.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Short barreled select fire AR-15 style rifle (various configurations)

Description:

A Short barreled select fire AR-15 style rifle available in a variety of calibers, barrel lengths and configurations.

Purpose & Use:

The short barreled select fire AR-15 style rifle is the type of firearms that SWAT team members are issued and employ for a wide variety of missions.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$1500. Ongoing costs determined by rounds fired operationally and in training, routine and preventative maintenance. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 20 units. Estimated effective lifespan 10+ years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The rifle shall be assigned and used by NSO Deputies members who meet the department-set rifle qualifications.

Training Requirements:

Must complete annual rifle qualification and regular firearms training.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of A Short barreled select fire AR-15 style rifle as part of Law Enforcement Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy Firearms policy, as well as all local, state and federal use of force laws.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Sub-compact select fire weapon system

Description:

A sub-compact select fire weapon system is a shoulder fired weapon system that varies in calibers.

Purpose & Use:

A more compact, more easily concealed weapon system that can be deployed for appropriate situations.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$0.00 – legacy items already exist in inventory. Estimated annual upkeep determined by rounds fired and routine/preventative maintenance. Estimated effective lifespan 10+ years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The sub-compact select fire weapon system shall be used by SWAT team members under the direction of the SWAT team Commander.

Training Requirements:

Must complete annual SWAT firearms qualification and regularly required firearms training.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the sub compact select fire weapon system shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy Firearms, SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, as well as all local, state and federal use of force laws.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Firearms Suppressor (various calibers, lengths, attachment styles)

Description:

A suppressor is a device typically attached at the end of a barrel of a firearm.

Purpose & Use:

A suppressor is used to muffle and distort the sound of a firearm as it is fired.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$1,200. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 20 units (up to 1 unit per rifle). Estimated annual upkeep costs determined by rounds fired and routine/preventative maintenance. Estimated effective lifespan 10+ years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The suppressor shall be used by NSO Deputies for legitimate law enforcement activities.

Training Requirements:

Must complete annual qualification and regularly required firearms training.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of a suppressor shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy Firearms, SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Infrared laser (IR) designator (various configurations)

Description:

Infrared Laser signaling device.

Purpose & Use:

IR laser is used as a "laser pointer" style pointing device that can be seen through night vision and has the capability of attaching to a weapon system. IR lasers are not visible to the naked human eye.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$2000. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 4 units. Estimated annual upkeep costs dependent on warranty coverage and routine/preventative maintenance. Estimated lifespan 5+ years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

IR laser device shall be used by SWAT team members under the direction of the SWAT team Commander.

Use of the IR Laser designator shall conform to all relevant local, state and federal legislation.

Training Requirements:

Show proficiency in manipulation and annual qualification.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the IR laser designator shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy Firearms, SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Tactical Bolt-Action Rifles (various calibers/configurations)

Description:

The tactical bolt-action rifles are bolt-action firearms of various calibers, barrel lengths, ammunition-feeding mechanisms with optional, interchangeable sighting system(s).

Purpose & Use:

Used by the SWAT Designated Marksman (DM) for a variety of missions to provide a highly precise lethal force option at extended ranges.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$3000. Annual estimated operational, maintenance, and training cost of \$300. Annual estimated training and operation of approximately 3 units. Estimated lifespan 10+ years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

Tactical bolt-action rifle(s) shall only be used by SWAT team members under the direction of the SWAT team Commander.

Use of tactical bolt-action rifle(s) shall conform to all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Training Requirements:

Must complete annual SWAT rifle qualification and regularly required firearms training

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the tactical bolt-action rifle shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy Firearms, SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Community

NAPA COUNTY OFFICE OF SHERIFF-CORONER

Armor Piercing (AP) projectiles (various calibers)

Description:

AP rounds is designed to penetrate through hardened material that other rounds are unable to.

Purpose & Use:

For the designated marksman (DM) to have the capability to stop various types of vehicles and penetrate harden objects.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$2.50/round. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 500 units.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

AP rounds shall be used by SWAT team members under the direction of the SWAT team Commander.

Use of AP rounds shall conform to all relevant local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Training Requirements:

Must complete annual SWAT rifle qualification and regularly required firearms training

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the AP round shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Firearms and SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Community

NAPA COUNTY OFFICE OF SHERIFF-CORONER

Remotec Andros F6 Bomb Squad Robot

Description

The Remotec Andros F6 is a deployable remote and/or wired unmanned vehicle used for locate and render safe Bomb Squad operations.

Purpose and Use

The Remotec Andros F6 is used to gain mission critical information in harsh or hazardous environments.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost: \$229,968.6. Any repairs or replacements will be through warranty and if it is not covered through warranty, then funding will come from the Bomb Squad budget funding source; there are no annual fees associated with this device. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 1 unit. Estimated effective lifespan 10+ years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Remotec Andros F6 is operated by all members of the Bomb Squad. Any auxiliary members have been provided in-person hands-on training on the vehicle and its capabilities.

Training Requirements

Deputies do not need to complete any formal training to be able to control the Remotec Andros F6 with its easy-to-use, handheld controller.

Compliance Protocols

Use of the Remotec Andros F6 robot shall conform to all relevant NSO policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Community

<u>DETONATING CORD (DET CORD) (AKA – PRIMACORD) – Various grain weights per linear foot</u>

Description:

PRIMACORD detonating cords (Det Cord) are flexible linear explosives with a core of PETN explosive encased in a textile outer jacket. They are available in various grain weights per linear foot.

Purpose & Use:

PRIMACORD is an energetic material component in explosive breaching charge construction.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$0.69/linear foot. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 4000 linear feet across all divisions.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

Det Cord shall be handled only by Explosive Breaching trained deputies or under their direct supervision and direction while constructing explosive breaching charges. Grain weights, measurement lengths and all calculations shall be verified by a trained Explosive Breacher. All Det Cord shall be stored in compliance with ATF regulations and handled in accordance with best practices as established by Explosive Breaching training standards.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete FETT Basic/Intermediate or higher-level Explosive Breacher Course. Must complete required FETT Explosive Breacher re-certification courses at regularly required intervals.

Must maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of Det Cord as part of SWAT Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident, Response to Bomb Calls policies, as well as all local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

NONEL (NONELECTIC DELAY DETONTOR) - Various lengths of orange shock tube

Description:

NONEL nonelectric delay detonator consist of a length of orange shock tube with a High Strength detonator attached to one end. They are available in various lengths.

Purpose & Use:

Nonel is an energetic material component in explosive breaching charge construction.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Quantity of 60 units per case at a cost of \$484.00/case. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 700 units across all divisions.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

Nonel shall be handled only by EOD and/or Explosive Breaching trained deputies or under their direct supervision and direction while constructing explosive breaching charges. Grain weights, measurement lengths and all calculations shall be verified by a trained Explosive Breacher. All Nonel shall be stored in compliance with ATF regulations and handled in accordance with best practices as established by Explosive Breaching training standards.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete FETT Basic/Intermediate or higher-level Explosive Breacher Course. Must complete required FETT Explosive Breacher re-certification courses at regularly required intervals.

Must maintain compliance with local, state and federal storage, transportation and handling regulations.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of Nonel as part of SWAT Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incidents, Response to Bomb calls policies, as well as all local, state and federal use of force legislation.

Public complaint procedures:



Community

NAPA COUNTY OFFICE OF SHERIFF-CORONER

BALLISTIC BREACHING SHOTGUN

Description:

A short-barrel pistol-gripped 12-gauge pump action shotgun that has been modified to best perform ballistic breaching tasks. The breaching shotgun is designed to work in correlation with specific breaching rounds or slugs.

Purpose & Use:

When it is properly employed, a breaching shotgun can provide teams with safe and fast door breaching. Ballistic breach may also be employed to breach non-traditional barriers.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$800/ea. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 2 units. Annual estimated upkeep costs dependent on rounds fired and preventative maintenance. Estimated effective lifespan 10+ years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Breaching Shotgun shall be handled only by ballistic breaching trained deputies or under their direct supervision and direction. The firearm shall be handled in accordance with best practices as established by ballistic breaching standards.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete a basic or higher-level Ballistic Breaching Course and receive regular refresher training.

Must maintain compliance with local, state and federal use of force requirements.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the Ballistic Breaching Shotgun as part of SWAT Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident, Response to Bomb Calls policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

BALLISTIC BREACHING ROUND (HOLLOW POINT CUTTER ROUND)

Description:

The Ballistic Breaching Cutter Round is designed to work in correlation with a Ballistic Breaching Shot gun. The Ballistic Breaching Cutter Round is encased in a 12-gauge shotgun casing and usually consists of a hardened steel slug.

Purpose & Use:

A Ballistic Breaching Cutter Round is a shotgun shell specially made to be fired through hardened barriers, cut through concrete re-bar, penetrate security glass, car doors and punch into automotive engine blocks.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$45/box. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 5 units.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Ballistic Breaching Cutter Round shall be handled only by ballistic breaching trained deputies or under their direct supervision and direction. The firearm shall be handled in accordance with best practices as established by ballistic breaching standards.

<u>Training Requirements:</u>

Deputies must successfully complete a basic or higher-level Ballistic Breaching Course taught by an appropriate training company.

Must maintain compliance with local, state and federal use of force requirements.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the Ballistic Breaching Round or Slug as part of SWAT Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident, Response to Bomb Calls policies.

Public complaint procedures:



BALLISTIC BREACHING ROUND (various material components)

Description:

The Ballistic Breaching Round is designed to work in correlation with a Ballistic Breaching Shotgun. The Ballistic Breaching Round is encased in a 12-gauge shotgun casing and usually consists a variety of different materials allows for versatility of use based on target analysis.

Purpose & Use:

When properly utilized for a ballistic breaching task, it is designed to impact and structurally weaken the object it hits (thereby weakening the structure enough to allow successful tactical breaching) and then disperse into a relatively harmless powder.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This expendable piece of equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$40/box. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 10 units.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Ballistic Breaching Round or Slug shall be handled only by ballistic breaching trained deputies or under their direct supervision and direction. They shall be handled in accordance with best practices as established by ballistic breaching standards.

Training Requirements:

Deputies must successfully complete a basic or higher-level Ballistic Breaching Course. Must maintain compliance with local, state and federal use of force requirements.

Compliance Protocols:

Use of the Ballistic Breaching Round or Slug as part of SWAT Operations shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to NSO Policy SWAT and Crisis Negotiation Teams, Hostage and Barricade Incident, Response to Bomb Calls policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Community

NAPA COUNTY OFFICE OF SHERIFF-CORONER

EVI 2017 HDS Bomb Squad Command Vehicle

Description

Command vehicle equipped with Bomb Squad operational and diagnostic equipment.

Purpose and Use

Command vehicle allows Bomb Squad members to deploy direct to scene with the necessary equipment and tools needed for render safe procedures.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$224.447.21/vehicle. Annual upkeep costs dependent on mileage, fuel, preventative maintenance. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 1 unit. Estimated effective lifespan approximately 10 years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Bomb Squad Command Vehicle is operated by all members of the Bomb Squad and auxiliary members have been provided in-person hands-on training on the vehicle and its capabilities.

Training Requirements

Every driver must possess a valid driver license, show competency when operating the Bomb Squad Command Vehicle, and be up to date on the POST mandated Emergency Vehicle Operator Course (EVOC).

Compliance Protocols

Use of the Bomb Squad Command Vehicle shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to Vehicle Operations and Parking Procedures and Vehicle Use policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

LENCO BEARCAT G3 ARMORED RESCUE VEHICLE

Description

Off road and rural mission armored vehicle, seats 10-12 fully equipped officers, open floor plan that allows for rescue of downed personnel.

Purpose and Use

Armored rescue vehicle system in a rugged off-road platform to provide enhanced and safer emergency response in rural regions and natural disasters scenarios for a variety of missions where standard armored SWAT vehicles would experience challenges. Optionally equipped with ram, and additional de-escalation tools which include a "ramcam" that can penetrate a wall to allow live video feed inside a structure, technology meshing to allow the use of advanced technologies on scene, a chemical agents injector unit to allow safe dispersal of chemical agents into a hostile environment, and all steel construction.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$400,000/vehicle. Annual upkeep costs dependent on mileage, fuel, preventative maintenance. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 1 unit. Estimated effective lifespan approximately 10 years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use
The Lenco Bearcat G3 is primarily operated by auxiliary drivers whose purpose is to drive and operate equipment on the Bearcat. However, all members of the SWAT team and auxiliary members have been provided in-person hands-on training on the vehicle and its capabilities.

Training Requirements

Every driver must possess a valid driver license, show competency when operating the Lenco Bearcat G3, and be up to date on the POST mandated Emergency Vehicle Operator Course (EVOC).

Compliance Protocols

Use of the Lenco Bearcat shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to Vehicle Operations and Parking Procedures and Vehicle Use policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Incident Command Vehicle

Description

The incident command vehicle a 2002 Freightliner 33-foot diesel Incident Command Vehicle and is a public safety command and control vehicle typically used to facilitate public safety communication, provide a temporary command/control location and resources for public safety incidents.

Purpose and Use

The Incident Command Vehicle is typically used for pre-planned or emerging public safety events where a meeting/command post positioned closer to the event/incident best assist with the meeting, command, communication and resources required for the event. While most events are directly related to law enforcement incidents or disaster response, nothing prevents the Incident Command Vehicle from being utilized as an effective community outreach tool for visibility, security and effective communication during preplanned non-emergency events, which includes multiple workstations for office-type work.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$220,000/vehicle. Annual upkeep costs dependent on mileage, fuel, preventative maintenance. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 1 unit. Estimated effective lifespan approximately 10 years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Incident Command Vehicle has a variety of sub-systems that include communication systems, equipment storage and meeting/briefing supplied that can be operated by all members of the Sheriff Office. Sheriff's Office members who have been provided inperson hands-on training on the vehicle and its capabilities are authorized to drive the vehicle.

Training Requirements

Every driver must possess a valid driver license, show competency when operating the Incident Command Vehicle, and be up to date on any POST mandated Emergency Vehicle Operator Course (EVOC).

Compliance Protocols

Use of the Incident Command Vehicle shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to Vehicle Operations and Parking Procedures and Vehicle Use policies.

Public complaint procedures:



Commitment to Community

Rapid Response Incident Command Vehicle

Description

The incident command vehicle a 2022 Ford Transit Van 23-foot high-roof gasoline engine Incident Command Vehicle, and is a public safety command and control vehicle typically used to facilitate public safety communication, provide a temporary command/control location and resources for public safety incidents.

Purpose and Use

The Incident Command Vehicle is typically used for pre-planned or emerging public safety events where a meeting/command post positioned closer to the event/incident best assist with the meeting, command, communication and resources required for the event. The smaller size allows for faster response, improved maneuverability/accessibility based on location and terrain. While most events are directly related to law enforcement incidents or disaster response, nothing prevents the Incident Command Vehicle from being utilized as an effective community outreach tool for visibility, security and effective communication during pre-planned non-emergency events, which includes multiple workstations for office-type work and emergency dispatch.

Cost & Quantity Allocation:

This equipment has no unique or temporary funding source. Unit cost of \$250,000/vehicle. Annual upkeep costs dependent on mileage, fuel, preventative maintenance. Annual estimated training and operational allocation of approximately 1 unit. Estimated effective lifespan approximately 10 years.

NSO procedural rules that govern use:

The Incident Command Vehicle has a variety of sub-systems that include communication systems, equipment storage and meeting/briefing supplied that can be operated by all members of the Sheriff Office. Sheriff's Office members who have been provided inperson hands-on training on the vehicle and its capabilities are authorized to drive the vehicle.

Training Requirements

Every driver must possess a valid driver license, show competency when operating the Incident Command Vehicle, and be up to date on any POST mandated Emergency Vehicle Operator Course (EVOC).

Compliance Protocols

Use of the Incident Command Vehicle shall conform to all relevant NSO policies, including but not limited to Vehicle Operations and Parking Procedures and Vehicle Use policies.

Public complaint procedures: