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Recommended Findings

PLANNING COMMISSION HEARING – SEPTEMBER 4, 2024 RECOMMENDED FINDINGS

Justin Vineyards/Knollwood Vineyards Use Permit Application Number P19-00124-UP

4101 Big Ranch Road, Napa, California APN# 036-190-026-000

ENVIRONMENTAL:

The Planning Commission (Commission) has received and reviewed the proposed Categorical Exemptions pursuant to the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and of Napa County's Local Procedures for Implementing CEQA, and finds that:

- 1. The Planning Commission has read and considered the Negative Declaration prior to taking action on said Negative Declaration and the proposed project.
- 2. The Negative Declaration is based on independent judgment exercised by the Planning Commission.
- 3. The Negative Declaration was prepared and considered in accordance with the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).
- 4. There is no substantial evidence in the record as a whole, that the project will have a significant effect on the environment as demonstrated in the Negative Declaration.
- 5. There is no evidence, in considering the record as a whole that the project will have a potential adverse effect on wildlife resources or habitat upon which the wildlife depends.
- 6. The site of this proposed project is not on any of the lists of hazardous waste sites enumerated under Government Code Section 65962.5 and is not within the boundaries of any airport land use plan.
- 7. The Secretary of the Commission is the custodian of the records of the proceedings on which this decision is based. The records are located at the Napa County Planning, Building, & Environmental Services Department, 1195 Third Street, Second Floor, Napa, California.

USE PERMIT:

The Commission has reviewed the use permit request in accordance with the requirements of the Napa County Code §18.124.070 and makes the following findings:

8. The Commission has the power to issue a Use Permit under the Zoning Regulations in effect as applied to property.

Analysis: The project is consistent with the Agricultural Preserve (AP) zoning district regulations. A winery (as defined in the Napa County Code Section 18.08.640) and uses in connection with a winery (refer to Napa County Code Section 18.16.030) are permitted in the AP District with an approved use permit. The project, as conditioned, complies with the Napa County Winery Definition Ordinance (WDO) and all other requirements of the Zoning Code as Recommended Findings

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applicable.

9. The procedural requirements for a Use Permit set forth in Chapter 18.124 of the Napa County Code (zoning regulations) have been met.

<u>Analysis:</u> The use permit application has been appropriately filed and notice and public hearing requirements have been met. The hearing notice and intent to adopt Negative Declaration were posted on August 15, 2024, and copies were forwarded to appropriate persons on the mailing list. The public comment period ran from August 15, 2024, to September 4, 2024.

10. The grant of the Use Permit Modification, as conditioned, will not adversely affect the public health, safety or welfare of the County of Napa.

<u>Analysis:</u> Granting the Use Permit Modification for the project as proposed and conditioned will not adversely affect the health, safety or welfare of the County. Various County divisions and departments have reviewed the project and commented regarding site access and driveways, grading, drainage, the proposed wastewater disposal system, parking, building permits, and fire protection. Conditions are recommended which will incorporate these comments into the project to ensure the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare.

11. The proposed use complies with applicable provisions of the Napa County Code and is consistent with the policies and standards of the Napa County General Plan and any applicable specific plan.

Analysis: Compliance with the Zoning Ordinance

The project is consistent with the Agricultural Preserve (AP) zoning district regulations. A winery (as defined in the Napa County Code Section 18.08.640) and uses in connection with a winery (refer to Napa County Code Section 18.16.030) are permitted in the AP District with an approved use permit. The proposed project will comply with the development standards of the AP District including the 35-foot maximum building height as prescribed in County Code Section 18.104.010 and winery coverage area identified in Section 18.104.220. The project, as conditioned, complies with the Napa County Winery Definition Ordinance (WDO) and all other requirements of the Zoning Code as applicable.

Analysis: Compliance with the General Plan

As proposed and as conditioned, the requested Use Permit is consistent with the overall goals and objectives of the General Plan (2008). The General Plan land use designation for the subject parcel is Agricultural Resource (AR).

General Plan Agricultural Preservation and Land Use Goal AG/LU-1 guides the County to "preserve existing agricultural land uses and plan for agriculture and related activities as the primary land uses in Napa County." General Plan Goal AG/LU-3 states that the County should "support the economic viability of agriculture, including grape growing, winemaking, other types of agriculture, and supporting industries to ensure the preservation of agricultural lands." Goal AG/LU-3 and Policy AG/LU-2 recognize wineries as agricultural uses.

The continued use of the property for fermenting and processing of grape juice into wine supports the economic viability of agriculture within the County, consistent with Goal AG/LU-3 and Policy AG/LU-4 ("The County will reserve agricultural lands for agricultural use including

land used for grazing and watershed/open space..."). Furthermore, the proposed Use Permit supports the economic viability of both the nearby vineyards in the region and agricultural product processing uses on the property, consistent with Economic Development Goal E-1 and Policy E-1.

The "Right to Farm" is recognized throughout the General Plan and is specifically called out in Policy AG/LU-15 and in the County Code. "Right to Farm" provisions ensure that agriculture remains the primary land use in Napa County and is not threatened by potentially competing uses or neighbor complaints. Napa County's adopted General Plan reinforces the County's long-standing commitment to agricultural preservation, urban centered growth, and resource conservation.

Applicable Napa County General Plan goals and policies:

Goal AG/LU-1: Preserve existing agricultural land uses and plan for agriculture and related

activities as the primary land uses in Napa County.

Goal AG/LU-3: Support the economic viability of agriculture, including grape growing,

winemaking, other types of agriculture, and supporting industries to ensure

the preservation of agricultural lands.

Policy AG/LU-2: "Agriculture" is defined as the raising of crops, trees, and livestock; the

production and processing of agricultural products; and related marketing, sales and other accessory uses. Agriculture also includes farm management

businesses and farm worker housing.

Policy AG/LU-4: The County will reserve agricultural lands for agricultural use including lands

used for grazing and watershed/open space, except for those lands which are

shown on the Land Use Map as planned for urban development.

Policy AG/LU-8: The County's minimum agricultural parcel sizes shall ensure that agricultural

areas can be maintained as economic units.

Policy AG/LU-15: The County affirms and shall protect the right of agricultural operators in

designated agricultural areas to commence and continue their agricultural practices (a "right to farm"), even though established urban uses in the general area may foster complaints against those agricultural practices. The "right to farm" shall encompass the processing of agricultural products and other activities inherent in the definition of agriculture provided in Policy

AG/LU-2.

Goal CON-10: Conserve, enhance and manage water resources on a sustainable basis to

attempt to ensure that sufficient amounts of water will be available for the uses allowed by this General Plan, for the natural environment, and for future

generations.

Goal CON-11: Prioritize the use of available groundwater for agricultural and rural residential

uses rather than for urbanized areas and ensure that land use decisions recognize the long-term availability and value of water resources in Napa

County.

Policy CON-53:

The County shall ensure that the intensity and timing of new development are consistent with the capacity of water supplies and protect groundwater and other water supplies by requiring all applicants for discretionary projects to demonstrate the availability of an adequate water supply prior to approval. Depending on the site location and the specific circumstances, adequate demonstration of availability may include evidence or calculation of groundwater availability via an appropriate hydrogeologic analysis or may be satisfied by compliance with County Code "fair-share" provisions or applicable State law. In some areas, evidence may be provided through coordination with applicable municipalities and public and private water purveyors to verify water supply sufficiency.

Policy CON-54:

The County shall maintain or enhance infiltration and recharge of groundwater aquifers by requiring all projects in designated groundwater deficient areas as identified in the County's groundwater ordinance (County Code Chapter 13.15) be designed (at minimum) to maintain a site's predevelopment groundwater recharge potential, to the extent feasible, by minimizing impervious surfaces and promoting recharge (e.g., via the use of water retention/detention structures, use of permeable paving materials, bio-swales, water gardens, cisterns, and other best management practices).

Policy CON-55:

The County shall consider existing water uses during the review of new water uses associated with discretionary projects, and where hydrogeologic studies have shown that the new water uses will cause significant adverse well interference or substantial reductions in groundwater discharge to surface waters that will alter critical flows to sustain riparian habitat and fisheries or exacerbate conditions of overdraft, the County shall curtail those new or expanded water uses.

Policy CON-60.5

All aspects of landscaping from the selection of plants to soil preparation and the installation of irrigation systems should be designed to reduce water demand, retain runoff, decrease flooding, and recharge groundwater.

Policy CON-72:

The County shall seek to reduce the energy impacts from new buildings by applying Title 24 energy standards as required by law and providing information to the public and builders on available energy conservation techniques, products, and methods available to exceed those standards by 15 percent or more.

Policy CON-77:

All new discretionary projects shall be evaluated to determine potential significant project-specific air quality impacts and shall be required to incorporate appropriate design, construction, and operational features to reduce emissions of criteria pollutants regulated by the state and federal governments below the applicable significance standard(s) or implement alternate and equally effective mitigation strategies consistent with BAAQMD's air quality improvement programs to reduce emissions. In addition

to these policies, the County's land use policies discourage scattered development which contributes to continued dependence on the private automobile as the only means of convenient transportation. The County's land use policies also contribute to efforts to reduce air pollution.

<u>Policy CON-81</u>: The County shall require dust control measures to be applied to construction

projects consistent with measures recommended for use by the BAAQMD

[Bay Area Air Quality Management District].

<u>Goal E-1</u>: Maintain and enhance the economic viability of agriculture.

Policy E-1: The County's economic development will focus on ensuring the continued

viability of agriculture in Napa County.

<u>Policy SAF-20:</u> All new development shall comply with established fire safety standards. Design plans shall be referred to the appropriate fire agency for comment as

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1) Adequacy of water supply.

2) Site design for fire department access in and around structures.

3) Ability for a safe and efficient fire department response.

4) Traffic flow and ingress/egress for residents and emergency vehicles.

5) Site-specific built-in fire protection.

6) Potential impacts to emergency services and fire department response.

12. That the proposed use would not require a new water system or improvement causing significant adverse effects, either individually or cumulatively, on the affected groundwater basin in Napa County, unless that use would satisfy any of the other criteria specified for approval or waiver of a groundwater permit under §'s13.15.070 or 13.15.080 of the County Code.

Analysis: Per Napa County standards, the subject property is located within the Napa Valley Subbasin, so groundwater use is limited to a Reduced Water Use Screening Criteria of 0.3-acre-feet per acre per year (ac-ft/yr) or 9.51 ac-ft/yr based upon a 31.7-acre parcel. Where existing groundwater use exceeds the 0.3 ac-ft/ac, no net increase in groundwater use is required. As directed by the County Water Availability Guidelines (May 2015), the report includes a Tier 1 calculations for the existing and proposed water. There are no neighboring wells with 500 feet of the project well, so a Tier 2 analysis was not required. The project determined includes two (2) existing wells which will be used to serve the property and proposed project. The projected water use for the project is 14.74 AF/YR. Current water use for the winery and vineyard is 14.83 AF/YR. The vineyard as part of the proposed project is expected to use 14.3 AF/YR. The Winery as part of the proposed project is expected to use 0.24 AF/YR. Existing landscaping uses 0.20 AF/YR. The project will result in no net increase.

The project will not require a new water system or other improvements and will not have an impact on local groundwater.

Furthermore, under the public trust doctrine (the Doctrine), Napa County has an affirmative duty to take the public trust into account in the planning and allocation of trust resources, and Recommended Findings

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to protect public trust uses whenever feasible. The Doctrine applies if extraction of groundwater adversely impacts a navigable waterway to which the public trust doctrine applies. In Napa County, the Napa River is the navigable waterway protected by the public trust doctrine. An analysis of impacts to trust resources is triggered by whether the groundwater extraction (whether new or the continued extraction or a reduction over existing extraction levels) is hydrologically connected to a navigable waterway or non-navigable tributaries of those waters. The analysis begins and ends with whether the proposed project harms a navigable waterway and thereby violates the public trust. To comply with longstanding California Supreme Court and Court of Appeal holdings, Napa County has determined that projects extracting water from wells within 1,500 feet of defined Significant Streams must submit a Tier 3 or equivalent analysis for the County to discharge its legal duties under public trust doctrine, whether the proposed project is proposing to extract more or less groundwater or remain at status quo (e.g., no net increase). The proposed project well is not located within 1,500 feet of a defined Significant Stream; therefore, a Tier 3 analysis was not required, and the Doctrine does not apply.